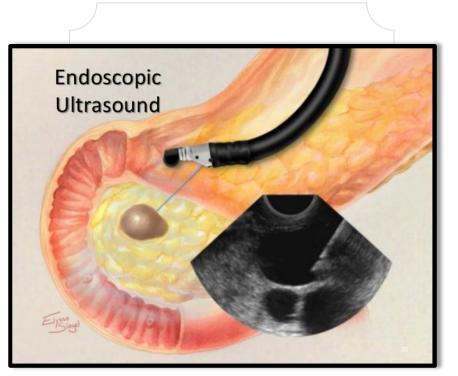


EXPLANATION TO ENDOSCOPIC ULTRASOUND SCANNING

The Gastroenterology Institute Hillel Yaffe Medical Center





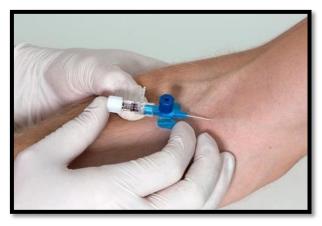


WHAT IS AN ENDOSCOPIC ULTRASOUND SCAN?

- This is a test that is done by inserting a flexible tube (an endoscope) that has an ultrasound transducer fitted to its end.
- The scan allows the operator to examine the walls of the digestive system and organs near it (such as the pancreas, gallbladder, bile ducts and lymph nodes).
- If necessary, a tissue sample may be taken using a specialized needle.
- Because this procedure involves inserting an instrument into the body, the test requires signing of an informed consent form.



HOW IS THE TEST DONE?

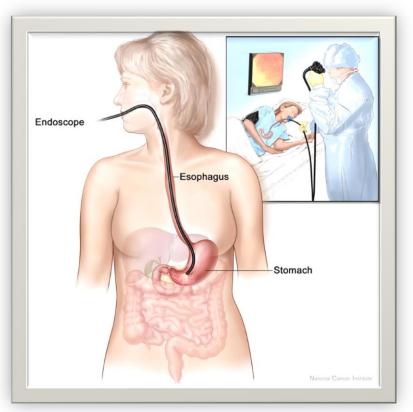






- Before the test, a sedative that causes a brief sleep is injected intravenously.
- The scan is performed with the patient lying on his or her left side, anesthetized.
- A plastic device is placed between the teeth for keeping the patient's mouth open and teeth protected.
- The endoscope is inserted through the mouth.



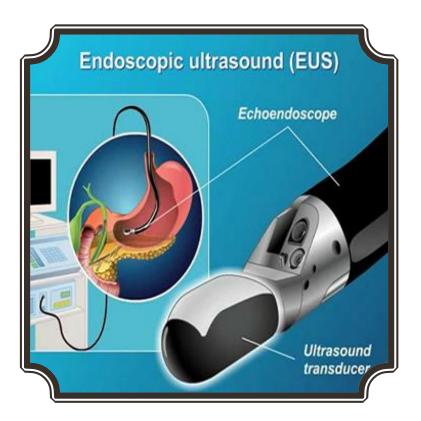




- The test takes about 15-30 minutes.
- The patient's breathing and pulse rate are monitored during the test.
- As necessary, tools are inserted through the endoscope for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes (such as a needle for taking a tissue sample)
- After recovering from the test, a report detailing the results is provided.



COMPLICATIONS RELATED TO THE TEST



Complications of the test are rare, but may occur as a result of the invasive procedure:

- Damage to loose teeth
- Asphyxia and aspiration of saliva
- Sore throat after the procedure
- Bleeding or rupture that will require surgical intervention
- Infection will require antibiotic therapy
- Allergic reaction to the anesthetic





HOW TO PREPARE FOR THE TEST



- The patient must fast, abstaining from eating for 8 hours before the test, and abstaining from water for 3 hours before it.
- The patient must come with a companion who will stay with him/ her after being discharged from the institute.
- ✓ Because of the sedation, driving is prohibited for 12 hours after the test.





MORE PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEST





- Relevant medical documents and a blood test result should be provided:blood count and coagulation functions – PT / INR
- Patients taking anticoagulants (such as aspirin, Plavix, Coumadin.)should consult their attending physician and the gastroenterologist whether and how to stop their medication before the test.
- Persons with pacemakers should consult the gastro institute and a cardiologist in advance.
- A patient under the age of 18 or a patient who is unable to sign for informed consent must have a parent / guardian involved.

COURSE AFTER THE TEST



- Supervision in the recovery room under monitoring.
- Eating and drinking of lukewarm substances is usually permitted about 60 minutes after the test, unless otherwise decided by the executing physician.
- After recovering from the test, a report detailing the results is provided.
- The results of a biopsy (if taken) will be given two you 2-3 weeks later.
- If after being discharged from the institute, you have signs of fever, swallowing disorders, chest or abdominal pain, you must present to the executing physician or the emergency room immediately.



The gastroenterology institute staff wishes you the best of health and success!